JORDAN TIMES

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جورين تايمز يوميه سياسية تصدر بالأنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاربنية « الراي »

Lebanon uneasy over Saudi pullout

BEIRUT, March I (R)--Lehanese leaders are trying to persuade Saudi Arabia to change its decision to withdraw the Saudi contingent serving with the Arab Deterrent Force (ADF) in Lebanon. Arah diplomatic sources said today. They said the Lehanese leaders feared the Saudi pullout would create new problems in Lebanon, Mr. Dany Chamoun, commander of the right-wing National Liberal Party "Tigers" milina, was reported to have said in a newspaper interview published today that the Saudi pullout would be catastrophic. Meanwhile, informed sources said Saudi Charge d'Affaires Ahu Bakr Raff delivered a message from King Khalid to Lebanese President Elias Sarkis today informing him of the withdrawal decision. The 30,000-man Arab force in Lebanon. meinly made up of Syrians, was formed in October 1976 to help put an end to the lengthy civil war in the country. With Sudan and

Price: Jordan 50 fils; Syria 50 plastres; Lebanon 75 plastres; Saudi Arabia 1 rival; UAE 1 dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

4, Number 995

a fact the first of the first o

AMMAN, FRIDAY MARCH 2, 1979 - RABIE TANI 3, 1399

ill be all over reo's pentoles.

Strick M. G. Iran, March I (R)-Ayatollah Ruhollah he heek of a mi today promised to put the stamp of Islam ga, and one of the production of the national flag nental tomecely anti-western speech to mark his trium-

n damagagierrowds broke into wild nichts datighe Avanoliah swore to hald charactern influences in the ove towards le said all those who the consensatistain should vote for nony of heat hment of an Islamic he March 30 referen-

g of oil mant just a femanoralment a democratic hat we want is an ong consumarblic." he told a wildly there are and of hundreds of nousta in his most fuoall this weeks public speech since dof the feet to Iran four weeks

tising the just western terms. the opening went a democratic and an area seeking a western dir manie Ayatollah said. he same. Ayatollah, whu an Islamic flag instead of the and Analy, this Shi ite Moslem

r 15 years ago, promvote in the referen-Shah's Sibe free. again posterill be able to say that.

and he had be western models it owing. "Do not be so not want our judicial - 25 NATh western. We do not s to be western. We laws, Islamic laws. ant western laws do

put an end to wesin a take out we do accept civilhe corrupt practices however, must be All the corrupting The Tacing ivest must go." "The st not betray

Scots vote

GH. March 1 and Wales voted ric referendums on any of the up separate parties with England, It guilty " ne in history the two been offered the ove back towards id it could be the the constitutional rhain. Voters were Scottish and Welsh ake control of most ilists virtually con-A. They said it

.

 $_{\rm QH} \approx$

on all surveys the samst the plan. the Scottish Daily d a neck and neck ent in favour, 38

government, which ears to get the gislation through nt three cabinet , inoug last night in inch a "yes" vote. rs, among them ary David Owen, I had a oncenance and that the v less centralised 's common to other

f the scheme in the No" campaign roposals would be servative Party idy Taylor said a ... id plunge Scotland

Mexico is in meini:

amp of Islam'

eturn to this holy city.

Islamic.

Islamic. Our ministrius must be

Promising to create a

'Mohammedan state," Iran's

religious leader said a special

ministry would be set up outside

the government control to wipe

out corruption, Iran would have

green, white and red national one.

United States moontoring from

Iran of Soviet military activity

today appeared to have come to

an end with the dramatic loss of a

string of secret American listening

posts. The Iranian government

indirectly confirmed that a group

of U.S. technicians had to be freed

in a daring rescue operation after.

guerrillas stormed their monitor-

leg stations near the Soviet border

Informed sources said the guer-

jabi today for what the "Voice of

the Revolution" radio said were

left Tehran aboard an Air France

flight for Paris, hut declined to

make any comment to reporters at

U.S. diplomats were tight-

lipped about the incident and

refused to discuss the elaborate

electronic surveillance system

which the United States set up

throughout Northern Iran during

The "Voice of the Revolution"

said another U.S. eavesdropping

station had been overrun by

revolutionary forces at Kelarabad,

reported having visited the Shah

Abbas monitoring post at Beh-

shahr, further east, after a panic

The loss of the Iranian monitor-

ing stations is a major setback for

the U.S., western diplomats said.

any Americans were captured

There was no indication that

evacuation by its U.S. personnel.

And a British television team

in the Caspian Sea region.

The rescued technicians later

talks on bilateral relations.

the airport.

the Shah's rule.

in Northeast Iran.

In another development,

a loucante here have negations a western term

lay for the first time

e monarchy back. If tey can say they want of the Shah," the sclared.

mention of the exiled ame.

rillas took over the Kabkan secret installation, 65 kilometres east of the holy city of Mashad, last weekend. They said 20 stranded Americans were rescued by air on Tuesanything about day after Iranian Air Force troops

in and was ad. managed to regain control of the base and free the capayes. Assistant Prime Minister Amir Entezam told the press that two U.S. officials, accompanied by tranian government representatives, bad flown to Kabkan

to bring back the Americandio; television, technicians, who he said were must take on Islamic haoded over to the U.S. Embassy. -- : paganda must be Ambassador William Sullivan. whose mission was raided by urban guerrillas last month, called on Foreign Minister Karim San-

ies with Kingdom

ักกเอก in London. "ves" of "no to Results will not be til temorrow but jo

where natiunalists ing for full indeie outcome was An opinion poll per cent of the elec-

when any of the other listening stations were seized by revolutionaries. One unconfirmed report said U.S. personnel were evacuated from every station except Kabkan four or five days before last month's anti-Sbah uprising. The British Independent Tele-

vision News (ITN) team said it had found signs of an obvious hurried pullout by the American techniclans and their families when they went round the Behshahr base.

The crew said the homes of the 30 U.S. technicians were littered with ebildren's toys and personal belongings, showing that the Americans had not even had time to pack. There had not been any looting.

The most senior Iranian at the base under the Americans had war in Kampuchea and that only since been elected base comnal uncertainty. mander by his men, they said.

entral contract with a contract of

End to Yemen fighting sought by Arab envoys

ADEN, March 1 (Agencies)-South Yemeni President Abdul Faltah Ismail today received Jordanian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Hassan Ibrahim who handed him a message from His Majesty King Hussein. The Jordan News Agency (JNA) said the message included King Hussein's "concern" over the weeking border fighting between North and South Venten and his hope that 'a solution is found to the crisis between the two brotherly l'emens."

The South Yemeni President also received two presidential envirys of Iran and Syria, who arrived in Aden as part of an Arab effort tu stop the fighting.

The Syrian Deputy Premier for Economic Affairs, Jamil Shayya, and Iraqi Planning Minister Adnan Hussein carried a joint message from Iraqi President Ahmed Hassan Al Bakr and Syrian President Hafaz Al Assad to President Ismail.

The three envoys later returned to Sanaa "to report to North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh on the results of their mission In Aden and the possibility of achieving un end to the fighting between the two countries". JNA said.

South Yemen's Communications Minister Mahmoud Abdullah is due in Amman Friday with a message to King Husseln from President Ismail, JNA reported today. Earlier today, South Yeniun accused Saudi Arabia of bias in the

border conflict between North and South Yemen. A cabinet statement said that Saudi Arabia "Instead of seeking to contain the problem", comes up with a statement showing bias. It gives the impression that it is interfering in the internal affairs of

the Peoples Democratic Republic of Yemen." The statement, issued after n cabinet meeting, was apparently referring to a four-point Saudi peace plan uffered two days ago to end the week-old Yemeni conflict.

The Saudi plan called for an immediate ceasefire and withdrawal of border forces. It also urged that support to rehels should stop and an Arab committee be set up to implement the plan.

The South Yemeni statement said that while the government sent delegations to Arab countries, including Saudi Arabia, to try to contain the problem and create stability, "pre-conditions are sprung upon us by Saudi Arabia which could only aggravate the

The government said it was prepared to respond to any Arab mediation effort and to allend the Arab League emergency meeting in Kuwait un Sunday. The League meeting was nriginally called for by North Yemen

and South Yemen promptly agreed lu attend. There were nn reports loday of any fighting.

BANGKOK, March, 1

reported large-scale Chinese

attacks in its northeastern horder

province of Lung Son, where a

major batde is raging around the

regular English-language broad-

cast, Radio Hanoi said the Chin-

ese forces were heavily engaged

The radio said 2.700 Chinese

troops had been put out of action

in two days of fighting on Tuesday

and Wednesday and gave a total of

27,000 Chinese casualties since

the border fighting began 12 days

The hattle reports did not spec-

ifically mention lighting around

the town of Lang Son. But the

radio said the Chinese had been

hadly mauled on highways 1-A

and 1-B south of Dong Dang, in

terday's action south of Dong

Dang, which is near the Friend-

ship Pass, north of Lang Son town,

15 Chinese tanks were destroyed

and 600 soldiers "wiped out" in

ing in four border provinces

yesterday--Lang Son, neighbour-

ing Cau Bang, northwestern

Hoang Lien Son and Ouang Ninh,

in Hong Kong today, western

diplomatic sources said Vietnam

had pulled more than 40,000 of its

troops out of Kampuchea and

The sources, quoting infor-

mation from Indochina, said three

divisions had been pulled out of

Laos and three more from Kam-

puchea, where Victnamese-

backed insurgents overthrew the

Chinese-supported Pol Pot gov-

Vietnam has denied having

In Peking, Chinese Vice-

Premier Li Xiannian said today

that Peking's forces were close to

achieving the goals of the 13-day

that China would attack Vietnam

again in the future if Hanoi staged

between Peking's action and the

"abusive language, bluffing" was

expected from the Soviet Union.

provocations on their border.

Mr. Li told British journalists

He also said there was no link

The radio gave reports of fight-

Radio Hanoi said that in yes-

the Lang Son area.

heavy fighting.

in the far northeast,

ernment in January.

troops io Kampuchea.

operation inside Vietnam.

and had suffered big casualties.

In a news tlash at the end of its

strategic provincial capital.

In Saudi Arabia, the government continued its diplomatic contacts with other Arab governments. But there were no other moves after resterday's Defence Ministry order cancelling all military leave in the wake of the Yemeni border fighting.

China says war aims are 'close'

Vietnam reports major battle

(Agencies) -- Vietnam today stay in Vietnam until Hanoi to modernise its economy. But he

the conflict. Mr. Li said: "Not

necessarily. Once our goal is

Mr. Li, who ranks fourth in the

Chinese leadership, said China's

goal of its Vietnam operation was

to make Hanoi reulise that

"armed provocations will bring

Mr. Li told the correspondents

influence in Southeast Asia, But allies,

that the Vietnam operation was

also aimed at containing Soviet

Mr. Li said Peking did not believe

detach Hanoi from Moscow,

achieved, we will certainly with-

draw our troops."

them no good."



Minister of Information Adnan Abu Odeh Idark suits seeing off a PLO delegation at Ramtha border post. To his right are Head of the PLO Political Department Furouk Kaddoumi and official spokesman

PLO team ends Amman visit

A M M A N . March 1 said: "We are proud of the heroic (Agencies 1-- A Palestine Lib- acts and steadfastness of our peocration Organisation delegation today ended a three-day visit to Jordan and returned by road via Ramtha to Damascus,

The delegation, led by the head of PLO's Political Department Farouk kaddoumi met with His Majesty King Hussein, Prime Minister Mudar Badran and other Jordanian officials for talks on the latest Middle East situation and conditions of Arab citizens in the occupied territories.

In a statement before departure, Mr. Kaddoumi described his talks in Jordan as "fruitful and successful," the Jordan News Agency (JNA) reported.

The PLO delegation was seen off at Ramtha by Minister of Information. Acting Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Adnan Abu Odeh and several other Jordanian officials.

Earlier today, Mr. Kaddoumi confirmed that PLO leader Yasser Anafat is expected to visit Jordan shortly. In an interview with the

In Moscow, Soviet Prime Minis-

ter Alexei Kosygin today

thain as a "evnical and barbarous

forces into neighbouring Luos.

Mr. Kosygin praised Vietnam

for not flinching in the face of

Chinese "aggression" and said

Hanoi could expect continued

"fraternal solidarity and support"

from the Soviet Union and its

the premier's speech gave no new

"Vietnam will not be left in its

ple in the West Bank. They are the pillur of our struggle, and we are doing the impossible to reach them. God willing, the Jordanian-Palestinian dialogue will usher in an era in which we will be closer to them " Mr. Kaddouml told the Jordan Times.

"They are our brethren, their steadfastness fosters our faith and their struggle keeps our cause alive. There can be no homeland without a people, and no people without sleadfastness," he added,

Speaking at a meeting attended by more than 100 Palestinian personalities from the occupied West Bank of Jordan and the Gaza Strip, as well as others from Amman, Mr. Kaddoum; did not mention a specific date for Mr. Arafat's visit, but Palestinian sources said it was likely to take

place within the next two weeks Mr. Kuddoumi arrived in Amman on tuesday for talks on what was described by fordanian and Palestinian sources as a gen-eral review of the Middle East situation and possible cooperation in the political field on both Arab and international levels.

Mr. Kaddoumi said his visit to Amman, the first since 1971, went well and predicted that more delegations would continue to

come to Jordan for further talks. The PLO was now in a state of 'resurgence' following the Camp David accords between Egypt and Israel, the plots being hatched in denounced China's attack on Viethe area and after the Iranian revolution "which has upset the act of international piracy" and balance of American Middle East warned Peking not to send its policies," he said.

"Our meetings with the brothers in Jordan are but a part of this resurgence. We shall stand united against aggressions and plots," he told his audience.

Mr. Kaddoumi said his organisation was now trying to gain friends everywhere, especially in the United States and Europe. But our fingers should remain on the trigger as this is a basic factor. ffor the success of Polestinian struggle) which should go hand in hand with political action," he added.

Reiterating his organisation's rejection of the Middle East peace initiative by President Anwar Sadat of Egypt. Mr. Raddoumi said "President Sadat has destroyed all international efforts to achieve peace in the region."

Now that fran stood by the side of the Palestiman struggle, the PLO was trying to gain the support of Turkey, Mr. Kaddoumi

Slimoutlook for Carter, Begin talks

WASHINGTON, March 1 1R)--President Carter, openly Irustrated and disgusted by the deadlock in peace treaty negotiations between Israel and Egypt. was reported ready to talk bluntly at his meetings starting later tonight with Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin.

As Mr. Begin headed to Washington U.S. officials said the hard-litte signals he had already sent were not encouraging.

Adding to the President's impatience with Israel over its poshion in the negotiations was the omission of key Israeli officials. from Mr. Begin's party. U.S. officials said the White House was deeply concerned that

Foreign Minister Moshe Davan and Defence Minister Ezer Weizman had been left at home. Mr. Dayan and Mr. Weizman. who have handled much of the negotiations with Egypt, are regarded as the most flexible members of Israel's cabinet.

Concern over their absence persisted despite a statement by Israeli Labour Party leader Shimon Peres that Israel had closed ranks in the face of U.S. pressure for concessions by Mr. Begin. "Israel can resist American

pressure," Mr. Peres told a news conference in Paris this morning. U.S. officials said President Curter, having expended so much time and effort on the Middle East, was ready to go "another mile" with Mr. Begin to try to end the stalemate.

But he would tell the Prime Minister that the future in the Middle East would be dangerous and unpredictable unless Israel made an effort to bridge what the U.S. leader has called "absolutely insignificant" problems in negotiations with Egypt.

The White House yesterday denied reports from Tel Aviv quoting Foreign Minister Dayan as saying the United States would reassess its policies in the Middle East--meaning Israel--unless a peace treaty was concluded within days.

U.S. officials were surprised that Mr. Begin alluded to the reports by saying before he left for Washington: "Neither Iff days nor 10 weeks, we have no time limit."

Mr. Begin earlier this week differed sharply with President Carter's judgment--later endorsed by Egyptian Prime Minister Mustapha Khalil--about insignificant differences in the talks with Egypt.

The Israeli leader said the problems were grave and Egypt had hardened its position in discussions between Dr. Khalil and Mr. Davan last month at Camp David, the U.S. President's Maryland retreat.

Mr. Begin refused to attend a modified summit meeting--with Mr. Caner and Dr. Khalil hut without Egyptian President Anwar Sadat-suggested by the American President last week. He said Egypt's demands were

nullifying agreements reached at the Camp David talks he field last September with Mr. Carter and the Egyptian president.

With Mr. Begin vowing to resist pressure from President Carter. the outlook for progress in their talks appeared to be slim. But White House sources said

Mr. Carter, while recognising the difficulties, had not given up hope that he and Mr. Begin could have a meeting or minds and open the road for another summit to put the peace negotiations back on track. Mr. Carter said on Tuesday that after his talks with Mr. Begin he

would decide whether enough progress had been made to justify asking President Sadal or Dr. Khalil to join in. Prime Minister Begin flew off to an anticipated showdown meeting

in Washington tuday and said the United States should change its pro-Egyptian attitude.
Mr. Begin took off from Tel

Aviv in an atmosphere of growing Israeli apprehension and hosolity towards President Carter's approach to an Israel-Egypt peace

Asked if President Carter would apply pressure, Mr. Begin told airport reporters: "I do hope no such pressure will be exerted. I believe it is the duty of the United States to convince the Egyptians to change their attitude."

Mr. Begin said that proposals made recently by Egypt and supported by the United States would render the projected peace treaty devoid of all real content.

In addition to talking to President Carter, Mr. Begin wants to present the Israeli view to the American public via the mass media and to American Jewry in orivate meetings. Mr. Begin stressed that his talks

in Washington would be with President Carter and nobody else. This was to make clear he would not see Egyptian Prime Minister Mustapha Khalil who had earlier been invited by President Carter to talks with Mr. Begin.

The Israelis considered Dr. Khalil too low-level a minister to negotiate with Mr. Begin. The Israeli leader left hehind

him a dispute about remarks attributed on television last night to Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan, The hroadcast quoted Mr. Dayan as saying the United States had threatened to make a fundamental reappraisal of its Middle East policies if a treaty were not agreed in 1t) days. Last night government spokes-

men denied that Mr. Dayan had said time was working against Israel. But they had no comment on the general content of the hroadcast. At Mr. Begin's departure today,

Mr. Dayan did not specifically deny that the United States had talked about possible policy reassessments.

Arab conference to discuss energy United Arab Emirates' Ministry of Petrilleum and By Ibrahim Noori

ABU DHABI, March 1 (R)-The first Arab energy conference opens here on Sunday to review present and future Arab prospects in the field of energy ranging from oil to solar power.

A number of Arab ministers and experts will read papers on several subjects of energy, including atomic energy, at the four-day conference.

But views on one conference subject-towards Optimum Arab Energy Policies in Production and Pricing--would be of special interest to an oilhungry world which is going through yet another oil price and supply upset because of the Iranian revolution.

Some Arab producers are charging more for their oil but are not willing to increase output to fully relieve the shortage caused by a halt in Iranian oil exports.

Iraa, whose daily exports averaged five million barrels a day, has said it will resume exports on March 5 but this will be far below the previous

level. The conference has been sponsored jointly by the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC), the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development and the

Mineral Resources.

Another subject--A Look at the International Energy Policies and their Impact on the Arab Countries--will also study the industrial consumer countries' energy policies.

The conference will also hear views on future comparative prices of oil and rival energies.

Arab energy policies and institutions and the prospects of demands for energy and its sources in the Arab world will also be evaluated, and technological options in energy for the Arab coun-

tries discussed. The conterence has singled out Japan, which is heavily dependent on Arab nil, to study the future of solar and nuclear energy in that country. Nuclear power in developing countries will also be

discussed. The conference will study the prospects of solar and nuclear power in Arab countries and the nuc-

lear option for the Arab. Blessed by oil, the Arab world has yet to build its first nuclear power plant, although nuclear sci-

ence is being applied in other fields. Saudi Arabia, the richest Arab oil country, recently decided to set up a village to be powered entirely by solar energy.

Omanis lavish welcome on Queen Elizabeth NIZWA, Oman, March 1 (R)-Cheering Omanis leapt across

crowd harriers and surged round Queen Elizabeth during a royal walkabout today.

The Queen stepped out after touring the shuded souk (market) in this uncical fortress town and found a narrow square thronged with more than 1,000 people. The white-rabed townshik pressed against the ring of armed police escurting the Queen and her host, Soltan Quboos Bin Said.

In a speech last night at a banquet for the Queen, Sultan Qaboos paid a soldier's tribute to some 20 Britons killed fighting rebels in Southern Dhofar province, which borders South Yemen. "We Omanis are accustomed to measure a man by his deeds, not by his words," said the Sultao, a graduate of Britain's Sandhurst military academy, who retains several bundred Britons in his

Queen Elizabeth praised Oman as a "valiant country." The Queen, here on the last stage of her 19-day Middle East lour, said Britain was glad to help the Omani armed forces, which use British weapons and have up to 500 Britons serving with them.

Queen Elizabeth recalled that treaty links between Britain and Oman went back nearly 200 years and that one accord pledged them to be friends "till the sun and moon have finished their revolving career."

The Queen flew to Nizwa, Oman's capital in the eighth century, and saw the stone and mud fortress. Then she walked through the sonk where they sell everything from franklincense and pungent spices to soap flakes. Then the Queen drove off for a desert picnic past groves of date palms and mango trees. She later returned to Muscat, the modern capital, flying over some of the

most rugged mountain scenery in the Middle East. Like the Queen's other bosts on the Gulf tour, Sultan Qabocs lavished treasure on her. The centrepiece of his gifts was a wide, thick bowl of solid gold.

The Sultan, who delights in martial music, is expected to honour Queen Elizabeth and her husband, the Duke of Edinburgh, with a military parade before they leave for London tomorrow.

Mr. Li said Peking would "have clues to what moves the Kremlin to make allowances" if there were might make should Peking's signs that the conflict with Vie- troops fail to heed Soviet warnings.

that the limited operation now rime of trials," he said in an elec-under way in Vietnam could tion speech to Moscow voters. But

Asked whether China would tham might damage China's drive

agreed to negotiations on ending said there were no signs of this yet.

MOHAMMAD AMAD Editor: WILLIAM F. LEE

Managing Editor: JENAB TUTUNJI Senior Editor: MAAZ D. SHUKAYR

JUMA'A HAMMAD RAJA ELISSA MOHAMMAD AMAD MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Advertising Manager: FERNANDO FRANCIS

Editorial and advertising offices: **IORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION** University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 67171-2-3-4 Tix. 1497 Al Rai JO, Cabies: JORTIMES, Amman, Jordan.

The Jordan Times is published daily except Mondays. Advertising and subscription rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

What's going on?

ITS HARD TO TELL exactly where the present to-ing and fro-ing by the United States. Israel and Egypt over a peace treaty is going to lead. Most Arab observers confidently expect, however, that a treaty will be signed, sooner rather than later.

That clearly suits American purposes, and that is why President Carter is once again engaged in the unattractive husiness of knocking Israeli and Egyptian heads together. Egypt -- that is to say. President Sadat, whomever he in fact designates to speak for him -- is more or less standing pat on its insistence on a meaningful linkage between the treaty and the future of the Palestinians. That position, and Mr. Sadat's continuing collaboration with the Americanorchestrated peace effort, is still no less fraught with peril for him: nothing has occurred since the Baghdad Summit last year to lessen legitimate Arab concerns about the negative impact an Egyptian-Israeli treaty would have on the Arab search for a just peace.

The fact that events in Iran have made Egypt more indispensable than ever to the U.S., as not only a negotiating partner but a protector of American interests in the Middle East, does nothing to allay Arab concerns: neither does the fact that Iran has, in the Western view, dramatically heightened Israel's vulnerability and therefore reduced its willingness to compromise while at the same time making it more susceptible to American pressure--exertable, once again, in the name of protecting Western interests in this region.

Lest there be any lingering doubts about precisely what is going on, particularly in view of the unbelievable naivete which Washington is displaying in this whole process, President Carter has stepped forward with a startlingly frank statement. In a speech to American state governors on Tuesday night, Mr. Carter said:

"...If the negotiations are delayed, my guess is that it will become increasingly difficult for Sadat to stand in limbo where he is not part of the cohesive Arab World and he is apparently not making any progress in finding peace with Israel, he might be inclined to withdraw from the negotiations and go back and re-establish himself as part of the Arab world in a cohesive sense of brotherhood. So that is why we have been so insistent on trying to bring the talks

The juxtaposition of those thoughts, unedited in the that the U.S. is prepared actively to undermine Arab unity in order to secure an unbalanced and imperfect "peace" in the Middle East. President Carter is thus rejecting the overtures which interests basically friendly to the United States in this region have been making to him over the past few months -- overtures which have sought to impress on him the absolutely irreducible necessity of seeing that all the parties concerned play an equal role in any moves towards peace.

It is only by recognising the validity of this Arab consensus that the U.S. can ever hope even to have any interests in this region to protect.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

Jordanian newspapers Thursday say Jordan was compelled to raise oil prices in view of the continued lake of oil prices in the world.

The newspapers were commenting on the Jordanian government's decision on Wednesday to raise the retail prices of various kinds of fuel substantially as from March 1.

AL RA'l says that in spite of the agreement among the Organisation of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) during its tast meeting to increase oit prices by 14.5 per cent in stages. over this year, most of the oil producing states have recently increased their oil prices individually above the agreed-upon rates, in order to "face up to the greediness of oil companies which earn familiatic profits."

AL DUSTOUR says that everybody knows that the decision to raise oil prices in Jordan was loathesome to both government and consumer, but it should be viewed with objectivity and reasonableness in view of the compelling circumstances that caused the increase. The two newspapers recalled that the Jordanian treasury had

allocated some JD 18 million last year to be spent on keeping the fuel prices within a reasonable level in the interest of the consumer. Al Ra'i and Al Dustour called upon the people of Jordan to help in economising in fuel consumption as much as possible. In his daily column "Words" in Al Ra'i Jum'a Hammad

expresses concern lest the continued fighting between North and South Yemen leads to foreign armed intervention. He appeals to the Arab countries' leaders to take prompt and effective measures to prevent this fratricial war from further escalating.

Mr. Hammad points to the Saudi government's decision to put its armed forces on the alcrt, and the U.S. government's decision to increase the amount of its urgent arms supplies to North Yemen. Both decisions were in an apparent bid to bolster the San'a regime against South Yemen.

On the other hand Mr. Hammad draws the attention that the Cuban military experts and troops are stationed in nearby Ethiopia. He also recalls that U.S. Secretary of Defence Harold Brown recently threateningly emphasised America's readiness to defend its oil resources in the Middle East. The arrival of the first Cuban soldier in Aden would give the U.S. the pretext to interfere directly in South and North Yemen alike and possibly in the whole Arabian peninsula, Mr. Hammad thinks.



His Highness Prince Hassan discusses economic Rinaldo Ossola (centre) and the Italian Ambascooperation with Italian Minister of Foreign Trade sador, Marchese Fabrizio Rossi Longhi, Thursday.

Prince Hassan discusses joint projects with Italian trade minister

AMMAN, March 1 (JNA)--His Highness Crown Prince Hassan and the visiting Italian Minister of Foreign Trade Rinaldo Ossola discussed here today prospects for trade exchange and economic cooperation between Italy and Jordan. The Crown Prince expressed Jordan's interest in launching joint economic projects with Italy and expressed Jordan's willingness to open the door for foreign investment in Jordan par-

ticularly in the industrial free zones that are being set up in the

The Italian minister said his country would be interested in joint projects particularly those in the field of transport communications, mining and the assembly of agricultural tractors. The meeting was attended by the Minister of Industry and Commerce Dr. Nijmeddin Dajani and

the Italian Ambassador to Jordan Marquis Fabrizio Rossi Longhi.

The Italian minister and his accompanying delegation, who arrived here last night, had met earlier with Dajani and discussed with him prospects for launching joint industrial projects. Taking part in the meeting were the Under-secretary of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce Hashem Al Dabbas and the Italian ambas-



A large crowd prays for rain at Um Al Hiran, near the radio station south of Amman, Thursday.

Crowds pray for rain

AMMAN, March 1 (JNA)-A prayer for rain was held here this afternoon in which Minister of conducted at Um Al Hiran about

Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Kamel Al Sharif and a large crowd of people took part. The service was

Similar prayers were said in all other parts of the Kingdom in view of the shortage of rain this winter.

Whose Islam?

By Edward W. Said

NEW YORK -- In times of trouble, certain characteristics of predominantly Moslem countries are emphasised in the news media. Until the Shah's "stable"

regime collapsed, phrases like "non-Arab" and "Indo-European' were routinely used to express approval of Iran; now of course the adjective "Islamic" of a sinister "Islamic resurgence," compel vast reaches of Africa and scimitar-waving mass of people indefinitely.

Socio-economic apparatus in the adjective "Christian"

Why then do we continue to convenience is that he as it is studiously not used to describe obliterate the specific "Islami-ers the region's wealth implies

Accordingly, the Jan. 7 issue of to be outdramatized. Time fol- promoted instead? lowed with its cover story "Cres-," cent of Crisis."

numerous cultures, dozens of nations and politics.

Because it is unlikely that an Rubollah Khomeini's political the details. ideas would jibe with those of the This strategy, however, has ter to use a more refined term.

coined hy the late Marshall igent native realities. Hodgson, who taught Islamic cul-

swatches of nonwhite, non-Hence, since the mosque is the In this light, a since the In this light, a sin

Islam's supposed militancy (col- Iranian masses turn to the mullahs - propriate even for,"

Edward W. Said, professor of English at Columbia University, is the author of "Orientalism." This article is reprinted from the New

others disappear. Consider fran. lectively reinforced by gen-Islam, "Orientalists") thus "Moslems" had only "Islam" emerges to blot out the com- turn to, as if what materied plicating record of such "Islamic" "Islam" and not the plicating record of such "Islamic" "Islam" and not the send achievements as Andalusian cul abuses that made it said ture. Arabic science and prominent. recurs numbingly, and with it hints · mathematics. Persian ornamental art, the intricate discipline of cerns uncritically accepted not trailing anti-Semitism, reac- Koranic interpretation, Abbasid of progress and modernity tionary fundamentalism, skill in political administration, huge majority in the non-West totalitarianism. For "Islam" is a the urban genins of cities like world, these notions have be concept that can readily be used to Nishapur, Iran, the splendid eclecnicism of Mughal courts in India. Asia into the stereotype of a Lists like this could be extended a ruler, a state or a remainder

is studiously not used to describe obliterate the specific issue of foreign hands on savoury Latin-American cate" (another Hodgson phrase) or foreign hands.

Solito sav-that-of Iran as dis- Ayatollah Khomeini reality - say that of Iran as distinguished from the world of instance, has expressed the the Manchester Guardian Weekly Indonesian Persatuan Islam so political objections to the carried the headline "Islam and a that a sense of general consince 1960, as the Berkeley Swathe of Instability," and, never frontation with "Islam" might be lar Hamid Algar pointed of

Americans (like members of all Communism to be irrepro Moslems do refer to themselves cultures) have imposed teassuring as Moslems but the context in intellectual order on a too-becomes equivalent to a switch they use the world is rarely diverse, little-known Orient and politics, not worth seeing so trans-national and indis- Africa by means of large labels: criminate as it might seem. Islam. Islam, the Orient, the "yellow has produced 70-odd sects, peril," the "hlack hordes," etc. A. modern locus classicus is the book

Defense de l'Occident" by Henri French "Christians," Massis, published in 1927. You overthrowth unjust so Ibadi Moslem in East Africa defend against the teeming non- is the most important th would have much in common with European world by trying to make an oppressed peasant in the a member of the China Islamic it work in a distant framework he is a Moslem (or for that Association, or that Ayatollah provided by you, and never mind a Christian) or that

Algerian. Aliwiyya order during usually led to more difficulty." the 20s, rather than so simple a When you can make countries appearent epidemic of abel as "Islam" one would do bet- such as Iran or Lebanon seem to American feeling in the fit your ideas of what they are; A good candidate would be then you will one day inevitably. Communist plot or them 'Islamdom,' the neologism stand aggressively against intrans. damentalism as our insite

Invariably, as Frantz Fanon, the symbols can be especia ture at the University of Chicago, radical theorist of anti-imperialist ressive, the more so to designate the religion's enorm- revolt, argued, the native response exported in such forms a ous scope, if not its every detail. to imperial domination is then to pur together in the Mary Nevertheless, the simple label fall back on what is authentic is monarchs created by the has been and still is useful—when provocatively resistant to an Intelligence Agency, of its meaning has indicated either a invading force (plus local agents) rammes for "modernal" Western inability to control large calling itself "modernisation." Africa, or when "Islam" has fur- emisation." or a mission civilism by President Carter a nished the Christian West with a rice, Algerian women have Arabia seems a partial favourite demon. recourse to veiling themselves, absurd idea and singular

course, this is a return to is Yet the Western conte response now seems to be the York Times, Jan. 29, 1979.

lectively reinforced by generations of European experts on as if it did not matter that if

Perhaps the main problem of cover for foreign tyranny inte in some local accomplice, wie

1970. Yet because we con For decades, Europeans and deliveries, arms symbols of progress, south becomes equivalent to a ba tening to, flow can we form robbery and torture are pair suine that Moslems, any les

> to the Camp David acco World exemplifies not shall grasp the truth that kie Islamic World."

Like universal Arab om

National Nev

Cabinet names three state award winners

AMMAN, March 1 (JNA) -- Three winners of the 1978 state awards for history, literature and art were named by the Cabinet today. The decision was made upon the recommendation of Minister of Culture and Youth Sharif Fawwaz Sharaf. Dr. Mahmoud Abu Taleh will receive the cash prize for history for his book "Antiquities of Ancient Jordan and Palestine: A New perspective, 1952-1977." The hook deals with the history of the region and includes analysis of findings by archaeologists who had worked in the area. Dr. Fawwaz Touqan will receive half the cash prize for literature for his anthology of poems entitled "The Lake: Six Attempts to Describe the Sunset" His poems inspired from American Indian legends are considered a new trend in Arabic poetry. The artist Yaser Al Duweik will receive half the fine arts cash prize for his paintings.

Iraq donates JD 5,000 to build mosques

AMMAN, Mar. 1 (JNA)--Iraq today donated the sum of JD 5,000 for the construction of mosques in Jordan. A cheque for the sum was handed by the Iraqi am hassador here Madloul Naji Al Mihinna to the central committee for the affairs of mosques. Iraq has promised to make annual contributions of JD 5,000 towards to the construction of mosques in Jordan.

Arab civil aviation affairs meeting to be held on March 13

AMMAN, March I(JNA) -- The Vice-President of Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, Mr. Nasri Jumei'an said here yesterday preliminary talks are being held with other Arab National airlines prior to the forthcoming meeting here of the higher committee for Arab civil aviation affairs on March 13.

Mr. Jumei'an, who is in charge of Alia's flight operations, said that Arah airlines' technical sub-committees were formed during the last meeting of the higher committee in Baghdad for the purpose of facilitating air traffic between Arah states.

The World Newsmagazine

VIETNAM WAR (China and Hanoi clash as world wor-

IRAN STRUGGLE (Power battle shapes up amid

AMIN IN TROUBLE? (Rebellion brewing in Uganda)

MIDEAST TALKS (Camp David could lead to peace)

Read in this week's issue....

New Upper House members take oath of office

AMMAN. March I (JNA)-The speaker and members of the new Upper House of Parliament were sworn in yesterday at a special session. At the outset of the session the Royal decree forming the new House was read and later House Speaker Bahjat Talhouni read to the members the minutes of the previous session. During the session the members approved the election of Mr. Sa'd Juma as first deputy spokesman of the house: Ahmad Tonqan, second deputy: Adul Rahman Khalifa was elected as first assistant and Hashem Al Jayousi as second assistant to the speaker. The members also elected Rivad Al Muffeh, Ali Hindawi and Ahmad Al Khalil as members of the legal affairs committee which will be entrusted with explaining provisions of the constitution.

Agaba government office bours to change

AMMAN, Mar. 1 (JNA)--Office hours at government departments and public institutions in Agaba have been fixed from 7:30 a.m. until 1:30 p.m., according to an official communique by the Prime Ministry. The new arrangement to take effect as of Saturday March. 3, is because of the hot weather in Aqaha.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Photo Exhibit

The French Cultural Centre is displaying a photo exhibit-on "80 Years of French Cinema" during regular hours.

French Film

The French Cultural Centre presents a film by Claude Miller entitled "La meilleure facon de marcher" starring Patrick Dewaere, at 7.30 p.m. French version with Arabic subtitles.

GREEN VALLEY SUPERMARKET

Um UzaynaQuarter

ME INALLE AUG

To purchase your daily needs of foodstuffs . Fresh meats , fish , Vegetables and fruits. Cosmeties and Perfumery Kitchenware ... and Various other Commodities ...

AT REASONABLE PRICES

Jordanian press tea visits Damascus

DAMASCUS, March 1 Director of Press a (JNA)--Cooperation between lications Ahmad Al Jordan and Syria in the field of and President of a information - was discussed Association Rakan a when Syrian Minister of here today. Information Ahmad Iskander Mr. Iskander

Clubs, Societies, Sports Groupslet us know what you are doing

Abmad met with Jordanian stressed the necessity full support to dination and integrated cess between the two in all fields, particult use of the mass me service of Arab caus -

reento

SUPERMAI For canned fresh meat. of drinks and items.

Opening Saturday,

WORK REQUIRED

Experienced secretary, English requires work, 8:30 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. five week.

Mrs. G. Martin, P.O. Box 4277, A\

Treento Supermarket

is pleased to announce its reopening as day, March 3, 1979-Parking is allowed outside the supermark

to 15 minutes. .. We will be only ind happy to serve you and most competitive prices in town.

Looking forward to seeing you at Irgent Jahai Amman, across the street i

Son as if it did that Moslers com- turn to 14 "lslam. cal- chases the

e of cerns untilled basid of progress thon, huge majorn like world was iclest coverior into

con- since (1400's gh: be lar Hame

etc. A everyoge, e book somethan. Henri Frenching. 7. You overbrong

er, has Likem-Media, which puntnes Efficient

penalist fessions

restantes evicatific -, then to Politica. bentien Mother te at itielian

 $\lim_{n\to\infty} \{(n) \in \mathbb{R}^n : || (1/2n)^n \}$ and the second (Carriery) teture of petro-Jan. 15.207 സൂപ്പടക്ക

32

ties,

lease publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on ---- day (s). Enclosed is griowed 2012 this

only too aspoil.

irdan Weekly

Berger (1985) - State (1985) - State

Calendar

(Week of Mar. 2 - 8) **EXHIBITIONS**

in some long UING: The French Cultural Centre is displaying photos theed a rule, 180 Years of French Cinema for the whole meaning on the conteners See below).

clamic ers the legal, March 4; The Spanish Cultural Centre presents an exhib-arase 1 or loging. March 4; The Spanish Cultural Centre presents an exhibarase i or iorigide. March 4: The Spanish Cultural Centre presents and east is dis.

Avaida panish children's books and paintings at the Hava Arts instance is the exhibition opens at 4:00 p.m. and will continue daily.

CONCERT

of all Committee AY, March 3 and TUESDAY, March 6: The British Council of all Commission Concerts by the Music Group of London, consisting of Symbols of Relia and clarinet. The group, which has previously visited becomes rewill be presenting works by Beethoven, Braluns, Glinka, policies, will be all the state of th nt and politic, win and Rawsthorne. The programmes will be different on labels: tening to habe two evenings. Both concerts will begin at \$100 p.m. tooben age to n sale at the British Council.

FILM

ig non- Is the more. March 2: The French Cultural Centre presents a film by to make 22 opposed filler entitled. La Meilleure Facon de Marcher, starring nework handle lewaere, Patrick Bouchitey, Christine Pascal and Claude or mind 2 Christine film is in colour, French version with Arabic subtitles. oppresse ire on Saturday and Sunday, all days at 7:30 p.m.

DOCUMENTARY FILMS

seem to Americally, March 5: The French Cultural Centre is showing ary see. Worker ary films on the French cinema throughout the month. everably Communith "Naissance du Parlant" at 6:00 p.m. The second film is tuttane damenten TUESDAY, March 6, at the same time, and is entitled Stary to cent Parlant et Chantant." The third is on WEDNESDAY. tion, the "rank valso at 6:00 p.m., and is entitled "Premier Classique du

ARCHAEOLOGY COURSE -

Lagrante Farmer AY, March 3: Dr. James Sauer of the American Centre of is atton. Same Research (ACOR) is bolding an organisational meeting at ie is the late for a course he is offering entitled "The History of would appearing of Jordan in the Iron Age (ca. 1200 - 332 B.C.)." The last approximately 10 weeks, with days and times of in have Alpha to be decided at the organisational meeting. For additional process, 25% in, call ACOR at 44917.

Jordan's postal services to

benefit from new numbering scheme Editor's note: This is the second of The sorting of the mail will also

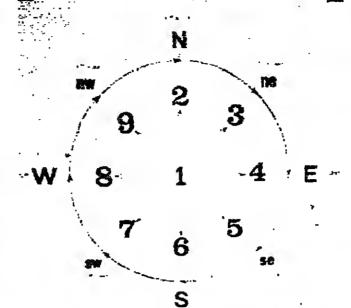
a three-part series on a nationwide compaign currently under way to re-zone und code Jordan's cities, streets and homes.

By Alan Martiny Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN--At first sight the new national numbering system for streets and postal addresses gives the impression that it is too complex to understand. But in fact the system is quite simple. The first three digits identify the city, the second set of two digits identifies the sector within the city and the last four digits identify the house number.

The ordinary citizen will probably not need to worry himself with the first live digits too much, the city code and city sector code," Mr. Henryk Jurkowski, the expert from the United Nations Fund for Populations Activities whu devised the system, told the Jordan Times. "These will mainly be the concern of the post office and government computers."

one day all of the mail will be pro- will continue to do it manually. cessed automatically through the mail according to the next two to the house. They will be able to digits-the section code. The do this on the basis of the last four



The circular method of numbering. The area in the centre is always coded 1, number 2 is north, 3 northeast and so pu. This forms the basis for the system of numbering Jordan.

bigger cities will do it auto-According to Mr. Jutkowski, mutically but the smaller towns

The Amman central post office central post office on the basis of will take all those letters with secthe first three digits. All those with - tion code 81 and send them to the 111 will be sent automatically to Jabal Amman post office. Each Amman, 131 to Zarqu and so branch office will have a troop of forth. Each city will then sort its mailmen who will deliver the mail

TODAY'S WEATHER

Medium and high clouds will cover the sky and winds will be

southerly moderate to fresh with dusty conditions prevailing. Temp-

eratures will be above normal. In Agaba Gult there will be dusty

weather, northerly moderate winds and calm seas-

digits which locate the house.

In posting letters within Jordan. one will merely have to write the name of the recipient with a nine digit number. For international mail the number will have to be followed by the name of the coun-My, Jordan.

Ot course this final stage of door-to-door deliveries will require a bit of time to implement, hut it is one of the goals of the programme.

The advantages with respect to the postal service are very great. For one thing, each house will become like a post box. Whereas now the country has a very limited number of post boxes available, every home will be able to have its post delivered directly to the door.

be greatly speeded up as it will be able to be done automatically. With the present method of addressing letters each one has to be studied carefully to figure out where it is going. This takes time and manpower.

With the number codes everything is very sample. The automatic sorter can process several hundred letters in a matter of minutes saving sime, personnel and trouble.

So another benefit to the citizen is faster mail service.

The transportation system will probably start applying the numbering system in its bus and service lines by indicating the numbers of the areas in the foute.

The telecommunications will most likely have the greatest difficulty in adjusting to the new system. It has been suggested that they try to adapt all phone numbers to the system, making the phone code the same as the house ende. But the change over could take a long time. Compliance with the system is basically voluntary, so it is not sure yet to it hat extent each agency will go in cooperating with the system. But once rolling, unification will most likely increase.

But although improving the postal service and unifying the numbering codes is a major benefit, that is not the main aim of the system. The system is mainly designed to help the Department of Statistics with its job of acquiring accurate data.

The Department of Statistics, responsible for providing data information on population, land use, etc., was facing a massive problem with the high level of lack of a working system for locating bomes and areas.



ng letters to persons within Jordan will only involve writing the individual's name and a nine-digit number such as the one displayed on this residence.

would send people out to collect population data and they wouldn't even be able to tind the area," Mr. Jurkowski said, "Sometimes the features of the area would change making it impossible to make sense out of information collected ten years ago and impossible to correlate with information collected this year. This has resulted in incomplete and inaccurate responsibility of each individual statistical data.

Jordan, at the request of the Department of Statistics, appealed to the United Nations for help in setting up a workable system of naming and identitying zones and houses. The United Nations Fund for Population Activities agreed and sent one of its experts. Mr. Jurkowski, in 1974.

"Two criterion that we had to movement in the country and the start with in formulating the system," he said, "were that the system be permanent and unified. The zoning and identification must be good for today and for tomorrow. We had to take into consideration the eventual expansion of cities and villages and the possible populating of presently unpopulated areas such as the

> "The system should also be unified, involving all aspects of public affairs: economy, administ-

Many times the department ration, security, transport, business, banking, tourism, communications and statistics. If someone is asked about the number of his land registration: hank account or postal code he has to give only one number."

The Department of Numbering and Naming is not responsible to do any numbering below the city or district level. That is the municipality. However the department does keep track of how the municipalities are doing in implementing the system.

So far the entire country has heen numbered to the district level. And 12 cities have completed the numbering of the individual blocks and lots in their area. These include Amman, Zarga, Irbid. Russeifah, Madaba, Salt, Ramtha, Aqaba, Wadi Scer, Sweilleh, Karak and Jerash.

"Once numbered each parcel

will be fixed with a plate." Mr. Jurkowski added. "Also in the villages you will be able to see on the plate the locality and the house number," "Amman has already fixed the

plates experimentally and is intending to cover the entire city as soon as possible."

Tomorrow: Numbering and Nam-

Temperatures Overnight minimum Amman Rdaps Jordan Valley Deserts

Advertise by mail In the Jordan Times

The Jordan Thmes can accept classified advertisements that are sent in by mail and accompanied full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently bring their advertisements the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by man the following conditions:

Full payment in cash accompanies the advertisement.

its one word only per box - - please print)

The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD 3.

Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typset by the Jordan Times. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at SFor the minimum price of JD 3, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three cent-

imetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 3 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 6, three streets of the serious cost JD 9, etc.

For a larger ad, the rates are JD 4 for 40 words and JD 5 for 50 words. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the form below and mailing it with full payment in cash only to:

> **Advertising Department** The Jordan Times P. O. Box 6710 Amman, Jordan

Advertisers in Jordan must pay in Jordanian dinars; those in Syria may pay in Syrian currency he going conversion rate.

West Germany Ambassador Horst Schmidt-Dornedden (seated, second from left) and Minister of Supply Marwan Al Qassem sign the loan agreement in Amman Thursday.

West Germany to loan Jordan 500,000 marks

AMMAN, Mar. 1 (JNA)--West Germany is to grant Jordan a loan totaling 500,000 marks to finance consultative services, according to memos signed between the two sides here today. The loan will cover consultants' services for the management and operation of a flour mill owned by the Ministry of Supply. The memos were signed by the Minister of Supply Marwan Al Qassem and West German Ambassador to Jordan Dr. Horst Schmidt-Dornedden.

Jordan observes anniversary of "Arabisation" of army

AMMAN. March I (JNA1--Today is the 23rd anniversary of the "Arabisation" of the Jordanian Armed Forces. On that date, March 1, 1956, His Majesty King Hussein dispensed with the services of the then Chief of Staff of the Jordanian Army, Lt. Gen. John Bagoi Globb, and several other British army officers. The Jordan army command was given to a Jordanian officer.

Later in 1956 Jordan abrogated the Jordanian-British mutual defence treaty, a decision which also meant doing without British

Car spare parts

price fixing regulation takes effect

AMMAN, March I (JNA)--Application of the regulation to fix the prices of car

spare parts took effect today. Under-secretary of the Ministry of Supply Mohammad Al Saggaf said that all car spare parts salesmen were instructed to register their names at the ministry. He said he hopes that salesmen will comply with the fixed rate of 30 per cent profit on import cost.

Two hundred and fifteen cars space parts salesmen had already registered their names with the

financial assistance and relying on Jordan's own resources and aid from Arah countries.

Omayyad occupation of the main building and there is evidence to suggest that it was originally conperiod. A lot of pottery, bronze and glass vessels as well as more than 100 coins should help to throw more light on the crafts of Egypt.

direction of Dr. Anthony

McNicoll and Professor Basil

Hennessy of the University of

Sydney, were concentrated on

three main areas and covered

more than 1,000 square metres of

the main mound at Tabagat Fahl.

use have been isolated in the

Until now two main phases of

yesterday.

excavations at Pella AMMAN. March I (J.T.I--The the Omayyad period.

Australians complete

first season of excavations at the Excavations in the temple area site of Pella (Tabagat Fahl) in the have produced a building with all northern Jordan Valley has just the architectural features prebeen completed. Dr. Adnun served and it is hoped that it can be Hadidi, Director of the Departcompletely reconstructed evenment of Antiquities announced tually. Roman foundations and a Roman tomb have also been dis-The excavatios, under the joint

This season the Australian team will be followed in two weeks by excavations by the Worcester College of the U.S. under the direction of Dr. Robert Smith who started work at the site in 1967.

The site, Dr. Hadidi said, gives very great promise of important archaeological discoveries and already the trenches on the southeast corner of the mound have structed during the Byzantine reached levels of the late bronze Age--a period when the city was well-known as Pihilu to the Pharauhs of the New Kingdom in

AMMAN STOCK EXCHANGE REPORT

	Par	Votume	Last Buying	Last Selling	Closing
NAME OF COMPANY	Value	Traded	Offer	Offer	Price
Jordan Petroleum Co.	112.50000	5.987	0.000	6,580	6.580
Jordan Cement Factories	JD 10,000	1.037	_	14.400	14,400
Jordan Phosphate Mines	JD Linu	2,051	_		2.180
Jordan-Gulf Bunk	JD 1.000)101	1.020	1,010	1,010
Dar Aldawa Development and			1	1,	1
Investment Co.	JD 1,000	200	2.1000	1.970	2.000
Jordan Electricity Co.	000.1 CL	1.453	1.350	1,340	1.350
Jordan Ceramic Industries	JD 1.000	1.219	44(1	920	940
Jordan Glass Factories	JD Linki	288	740	7211	720
Jordan Tanning Co.	JD 5.000	135	_	_	9.000
Jordan Lime and Siliente Brick					
Industries Co.	JD 5,000	914			4
Bank of Jordan Co.	JD 5.000	1.522	7.250	7 200	4.570
Arab Investment Bank	JD 1.0mg			7.200	7.250
Cairo-Amman Bank Co.		106		1.050	1.060
The Arab International Hotels Co.	JD 5.000	473	6.570	_	6.570
The Arab international ribleis Co.	JD 1.000	603	720	700	710

Total volume traded, Thursday, March. 1: JD 16,890 Total number of shares traded: 6,347

		Par Value	Volume	Number	Year of	Selling
	Government Development Bonds	JD 5,000	Traded 10.27	Traded 205	Maturity 1979	Price 5.010
ı	Godelmient Descrobinent pourts	JD 5.000	592	114	1980	5.200
ı		JD 5.000	354	70	198h	5.070
	Total volume traded: JD 3935	JD 10.000	122	12	1988	10.200
l	Total number of bonds traded: 578	JD 10.000	1.840	177	1988	10.400



Three generations are involved with work for the deaf. Mrs. Hanan Baha'uddin Touqan, mother of the late Queen Alia and president of the Queen Alia Society for the Hearing Impaired, in the Centre's visiturs reception room sits under the portrait of her granddaughter Princess Haya, appointed honorary president of the Society with the permission of her father, H.M. King Hussein.



Trainees at the Centre learn to use equipment to check the degree of the students' hearing impairment. The sound-proofed room in which a teacher supervises the testing of a young student and the audiometry equipment, a gift of the Italian government, is ideal for diagnostic purposes.



Deaf children get another chance

Text and photos by Marianne Pearson Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- "We are off to a good start," said Miss Laurice Hlass, executive secretary of the Queen Alia Society for the Hearing Impaired. "Only a little over a year ago the Society was founded."

The Queen Alia Society was officially registered with the Ministry of Labour and Department of Social Affairs at the end of January 1978. Today 16 teachers of the deaf are being trained at its new Centre. An agreement was made with the government to run jointly a centre for the deaf in Ruseifeb.

"The trainers are three Italian experts," Miss Hlass said. "They are teaching theory with the help of two Jordanian translators who know Italian. To provide trainees with practical experience there are three classes, with a total of 20 hearing-impaired children. Eventually as teachers are trained we will expand the Centre so that we will be able to teach 100 children, boarding and day students, up to

"Jordanians have been very generous-they responded beautifully both in terms of money and kind to help us start off. Arab and other embassies are enthusiastic. We have already heard from the Kuwait embassy which would like to help. The British are sending an expert on a two weeks' exploratory visit to see what we need. Last summer the Italian government sent us an authority on teaching the deaf to study our needs. They have sent three experts and also

equipment to start us off." Last month we inaugurated a six-month training course. Later we will choose some of the trainees to send to Italy for specialised training. We have long lists of children who need help, but first we have to train the teachers." Miss Hlass said.

An exact census of the deaf in Jordan has not been completed. but the number of hearingimpaired people who might profit by the work of the Centre is estimated to be high. Eventually the Centre plans to use mobile units to reach the hearing-impaired in remote villages.

la Amman there are two

private school, and Al Amal. a government institution in Al Quaismeh. Each has two teachers being trained at the Queen Alia Centre. In Zerka there is also a public school for the deaf, and in Salt there is a missionary school for the deaf.

"The Centre has a harmonious relationship with the Department of Social Welfare. Our goverament boaro is made up of three members from the Society and three from the Department. We have added two other members to the board - the Ministry of Health physician who specializes in ear and throat problems and the Mayor of Ruseifeh. Miss Hlass

Two members of the Society represent it on the Queen Alia Fund for Social Service, presided over by Her Royal Highness Princess Basma, which coordinates work for the deaf in Jordan: Mrs. Hanan Baha'bddin Tougan, the Society's president, and Miss

Teachers at the Centre are civil servants paid by the Department of Social Affairs. To get well-

them an additional 40 per cent above their basic salary.

"We are ambitious," Miss Hlass said. "We would like, hopefully, to embark on the bigger project that Queen Alia herself had wanted to do in Jordan. She had seen the Children's Hearing and Speech Centre in Washington, D.C., that is for diagnosis, treatment and care of the deaf. She was enthusiastic about having something like that in Jordan.

"She invited a team from that centre to come here and discuss the possibility of it. They found that it could be done. It's a very big project and involves a great deal of fund-raising. This would provide a service out only to the hearing impaired in Jordan, but throughout the Middle East. The King is interested in proceeding with this larger project."

-Queen Alia had apparently known a child, the daughter of one of her friends, who suffered from a hearing handicap. She was always keen that something be done for these children. She felt that they should be given care to prepare them for a good life, a decent and



After a morning at the Centre students await their bus on live steps. Currently only children from three years of age to six who the Ruseifeh area have been admitted. Their uniform is green to and a red cardigan with the Queen Alia school symbol on a closed ear with an olive branch representing hope.



Mr. Ribhi Jarrar, a 1978 graduate of the University of Jordan with a bachelor's degree in education and psychology, is the only male trainee at the Centre. His young pupil adds the dimension of practical

Although hearing-impaired chil-

dren require an exceptional

amount of individual attention in

learning to communicate, they

need the same toys to manipulate

as their bearing counterparts At

the Centre they are encouraged to

use them and tn enjny them.

experience to that of theory for the trainees. The 20 children enrolled at the Centre help to teach the teachers as they learn to adapt themselves to a hearing world.

(right), diagnostic work.



Members of the pilot classes in front of the new Centre in Ruseifeh. institution, with Oueen Noor and Princess Haya attending the cere-

Vowels are the same, Arabic or Italian: Mr. Gioseppe La ! Italian expert in the teaching of phonetics, coaches a you student in the pronunciation of an "a" sound. A Jordanian.



Last Sunday His Majesty King Hussein formally inaugurated the

MANNAMARRIBURACO



MANDARIN

CHINESE RESTAURANT Jahai Hussein

Near Maxim Circle. Here you can enjoy the Mandarin Chinese cuisine. Open daily from 12:13 to 4:00 and 6:00 to midnight. For take home food orders please call 25784.

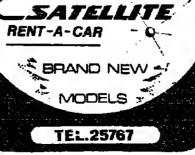


FURNITURE

ET AD-DAR FURNISH YOUR HOME OR OFFICE TURN-KEY" FROM OUR SUPERB IMPORTS CHOSEN TO SUIT EVERY TASTE &. BUDGET. ...



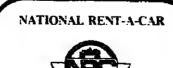
SALAH EDDIN TRADING EST. SHOW ROOMS



JORDAN EXPRESS CO.

PACKING & CRATING AIR & SEA FREIGHT TRAVEL & TOURISM

KING HUSSEIN ST., P.O.B. 2143 TEL 22565, 21778, 38141



1979 Models now available

SHEPHERD HOTEL Tel, 39197

INSURANCE TRAVEL & TOURISM WORLD-WIDE HOTEL RESERVATIONS AIR CARGO FORWARDERS CLEARANCE DOOR TO DOOR



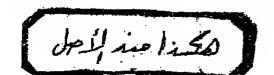
MISCELLANEOUS







NELDS TROV SCE DEPARTMET



The state of the s

AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY

on the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUTE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day and evening when Conould use much eare and caution in the handling of inner. Herene to he as cheerful as possible when in the

ARTES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) It is wise to focus your atation on how better to take care of your property and mety so that you can add to present security.

shok on life if you take health treatments to build up Be careful in handling money.

THE MINI (May 21 to June 21) A wise person gives you are ideas so that you can forget much of that worrying with CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Study a new

of gaming your most desired aims. Meet with good ds but den't ler one monopolize all of your time. the otly where your career is concerned Show mate Lyou are generous and outgoing.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You have good ideas on to advence in your career, so don't besitate in carrythrough with them. Be alert in motion.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You have to keep comsandesh and between you have made if you want to hold the respect a from three winds others. Don't neglect your health.

admitted. The SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 211 Forget about differences.

Change All., 1988.

Queen Alia scholk opinion with an associate and cooperate more for tach represents beater success. Think objectively.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Study every phase the work ahead of you and then do it accurately. APRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Get busy expressing special talent you have. There may be delays in usements you planned, but take them in stride.

AQUARIUS IJan. 21 to Feb. 19) If a situation becomes ise at home, keep goier and all will soon right itself. rive for increased happiness.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) I ton't neglect to handle imtant correspondence that has been piling up. Contact sons who can be helpful to you at this time.

OREN BRIDGE

CHARLES H. GOREN NO OMAR SHARIF 1979 by Chicago Tribuna

vuloerable. East deals. -NORTH A.AQ175 ♥Q43 • K62 +87

3543 OA 1097 6432 + A35 SOUTH

rabic or italian b V A K 9876 aching of phones o'8 ning of an "1" of 4 K Q 9 in Arable when he idding: South West North

South West North Pass 4 V Pass Pass
ing lead: Queen of 0. The state of the s

benefits too, as this

any vuinerability. has an emiceotly two beart overcall. however, had a dif-

ficult decision to make, and there might be some sound argument advanced for probing for a oo trump contract. But we will not quibble with his decision to raise to four

hearts. West led the queen of diamonds. Declarer made a clever play by refusing to cover, and East was on the spot What would you do?"

* K-10962 ... If your partner is the type who leads the card nearest to his thumb wbether you have eotered the auction or not, you doo't koow what to do. If you elect to signal with the teo of diamonds to request a diamond cootinuatioo, declarer will make the hand easily. He will ruff the second diamond, draw trumps and, by leading clubs twice to the king-queen, lose only a trick in each black snit in addition to the diamond.

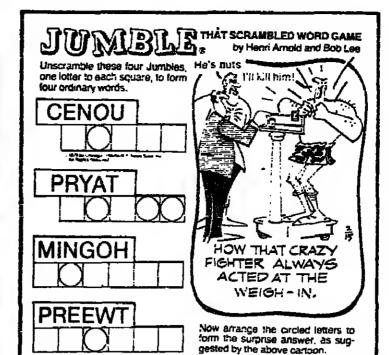
fortunately, East knew is a good reason to that his partner was is a good reason to that his partner was partoer's suit on trustworthy. If he did not lead a spade, but chose instead to lead from a broken fer has taken the trouble diamond suit, it could be for one reason only — because he was void in spades.

of confidence rather. Therefore, East rose with the ace of diamonds and retoroed bis lowest spade—a suit preference signal for clubs. West ruffed end dutifully returned a club to East's ace. A second spade ruff meant that the defenders had collected the first four tricks, so declarer was down ona before he even started.

Westminster in white



An unusual view of a famous handmark in the centre of London. The statue of Sir Winston Churchill, by Ivor Roberts-Jones, overlooks a snow-covered scene in Parliament Square, Westminster, gripped in the frozen clutches of an English winter. (COI photo)



Print answer here:

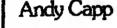
Jumples. NEWLY MADAM CABANA JAUNTY Answer: Takes more than one to make II - A BLEND

Peanuts 11/!

















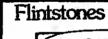




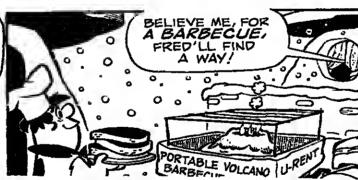












THE BETTER HALF



My husband fancies himself as an expert repairment Do you have any 'UNDO-IT yourself books 'V'

THE Daily Crossword by Meluin Kenwarthy

27 Of speech 58 Breach sounds 30 Before pod 61 Water or cycle 31 Word in RIP 62 Helmsman's 32 Named 37 Cereal 63 Evidence of 64 Dogma

10 Perennial herb 14 Over grass 38 Men of the 16 Hawaiian cloth goose 17 Blackbirds 40 Mine stuff 41 Obviates

ACROSS

Chocolate

source

18 Train whistle 43 Black 44 --Tin-Tin 20 Supreme 45 Maturity 22 How 24 Collections 48 Originated 51 Small drink 52 Prickly



2 Field: Lat. 3 Custody 4 Doctor's concern 5 - kick Hootball

43 Enrolled strategy 45 Dahu (cod 27 Nevyspaper goofs 49 Vote or hat 7 Trouble 8 TV inter-48 Vance, the 9 Pitiful 50 Less scarce 10 Sluggishness

Reverberate

buffalo

word

65 News

66 Appear

67 An Astaire

DOWN

1 Live in a

כוחכל – 55 British signature 12 "Bombs dassu 56 Lively danas bursting 13 Oldtime #pportion Dundee

set.ind

1011415

25 Home-plate

10088972

29 Bons, 2000.

35 Give wrong

date to 34 Spillogoy

35 Love god

35 Plantooms

38 East, rood

breathing

3000ratus

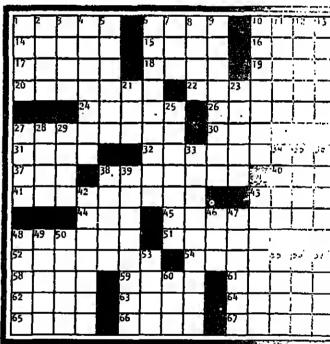
detective

39 Without

42 Called

Scenery

28 Learn



1979 by Chicago Tribune-N.Y. News Synd. Inc. All Rights Raserved

FIMES DAILY GI

BBC RADIO

GMT

04:00 Newsdesh
04:30 Letter from London; Play Chos
04:30 Letter from London; Play Chos
04:30 Financial News; Reflections
05:00 News; 24 Hours
05:30 Sarah Ward
05:45 World Today
16:00 News; 24 Hours
07:30 News; 24 Hours
07:30 Sarah Ward
07:45 Merchant Navy
06:00 News; Res Review
09:15 World Today
09:00 News; Press Review
09:15 World Today
09:00 Financial News
09:00 Sarah
09:00 Look Ahead
09:45 Music Now
10:15 Merchant Navy
10:30 Discovery

10:10 Merchani Navy 10:10 Discovery 11:00 News; News about Brig 11:15 In the Meantime 11:25 Ulster Newsletter, 11:30 Anything Goes 13:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Baller Today 12:45 Soors; Restind-im 12:45 Sports Round-or 13:00 News; 24 Hours

—13:30 Radio Theatre

14:15 Letterbox

14:30 Magical Mystery Tour

15:00 Radio Newsreel

15:15 Outlook

16:00 News, Commentary

16:15 Theatre Call

16:35 New Ideas

16:45 World Today

17:00 News, The Week in Wales

17:15 Music now

17:45 Sports Round-Up

18:00 News; News about Britain

18:15 Radio Newsrael

18:30 Off the Record

19:30 Stock Markel Report

19:45 About Devolution

20:30 Science in Action

21:50 Network UK

21:15 Sarah and Company

21:45 Letter from London; Play Choice

22:00 News: World Today

22:25 Financial News

22:25 The Week in Wales; Reflections

22:45 Sports Round-up

23:00 News: Commentary 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 News; Commentary

VOICE OF AMERICA

u3:30 The Breakfast Show questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Datchne 18:00 Special English: neos, ignture "The Living Earth." 18:30 Country Music USA

19:30 VOA Magszine: Americana, scenor, calture, letters. 20:00 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents

RADIO JORDAN

7:00 Sign on
7:01 Morning show
7:30 News Bullerin
7:40 Morning show
10:00 News Headlines
10:03 Morning show
10:03 Morning show
10:00 Mess headlines
11:00 Listeners' choice
12:00 News headlines
12:03 Radiotheque
13:00 News Summary
13:03 Radiotheque
13:00 News Bullerin
14:00 Messic

14:30 French Pop Stars 15:00 Concert host 16:00 News summary 16:03 Pedagogical pop 16:30 Old favournes 17:00 Centres of Civilsation 17:30 Radiotheque 18:00 News summary 18:03 Pages and Places 18:30 Stars unlimited 19:00 News bulletin 19:10 Music 19:30 Sign off

. . -: . .

JORDAN TELEVISION

20.00 News in Arabe 20:30 Arabic program 21:00 Arabic senes 22:00 Arabe song 23:00 News in Arabe CHANNEL 6 CHANNEL 3
10:00 Quran
10:15 Cartocus
10:40 Space
11:00 Children's program
11:30 Relagous program
12:25 Fitzparión
13:20 Arabse programme
13:40 Relagous programme
13:40 Relagous programm
14:25 Emengency
15:40 Soccer
16:31 Gunstroke
17:25 Arabse series
18:25 U F O
19:10 Arabse programme

18:30 French programs 19:00 News in French 19:30 News in Hebrew 20:30 Councily 21:10 The Brothers 23:00 News in English

AMMAN AIRPORT

DEPARTURES

ARRIVALS

7-50 Caro
4-15 Kuwan
9-15 Kuwan
9-15 Kuwan
9-15 Kuwan
9-16 Kuwan
11:50 Kuwat (KAC)
11:50 Kuwat (KAC)
11:50 Kuwat (KAC)
15:30 New York
15:30 New York
15:45 Caro
14:45 Kuwat (KAC)
17:15 Rome
17:10 Paris
17:15 Rome
17:10 Paris, Beirut (AF)
17:20 Madrid, Athem
18:00 Caro
18:30 Caro
18:30 Caro
18:45 Caro
19:00 Caro
19:00 Caro
19:30 Knwat
18:30 Caro
18:45 Damascus
18:50 Caro
18:45 Damascus
19:00 Beirut (MEA)
19:00 Beirut (MEA)
19:15 Frankint, Manach, Damascus (LH)
23:50 Caro (EA) 23:50 Care (EA) 23:59 Care

12:45 Kuwan (KAC) 13:00 Cairo 14:45 Medina, Jeddah (SDI) 16:30 Damascus 20.00 Dubai, Karachi 22:55 Doha, Muscai (RI:GF) 00:30 Cairo (EA) 02:45 Tehran

EMERGENCIES

Amman: Suleiman Hiyanat (25015) Jamii Marqa (76149) Irakt: Faikhri Swuein (3925) Zacque Minur Al 'Uged (83744)

irbid: Al Wahdah Z**acqu**: Al Sa'adeb Tasia Gabi (42201) Rambow (37249) Rashid (22023) University (6100) Zaltra' (71450)

CULTURAL CENTRES (Amman)

American Centre Tel. 4	41.30
Bertish Council	147-8
French Cultural Centre	MIN
Goethe Institute	4.9
Sover Calcural Centre	21.7
Spanish Cultural Centre	411-7
Haya Arts Centre	145
Hussem Youth City	151
Y.W.C.A	743
YWM.A.,	25!
Ageman Municipal Library	411
University of Jordan Library	1111
Cuadel Museum	.19;
Folklore Museum * 35	141
,	

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS (Amman)

Ambulance (government)	Υ.		
Approximate (Re-exposer)	1.5		
Ovil defence rescue	. 	24541.4	
Jordan Electric Power Co. lemergency	. "	35,341-2	:
Manacipal water service (emergency I		1,07014-2	1
Police headquarters	••	30171	
Najdeh roving patrol resene police.(English			
spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency	••	24141.3	
Airport information (ALIA)	•	55205	
Jordan Television	••	73414	
Radio, English Section	••	74124	
Firstaid, fire, police	••	1a	
Fire beadquarters	"	2,41501	
•			

CULTURAL CENTRES (Damascus)

Al Hamra Theatre	
Al Sha'b An Gallery	-527
American Centre	2.357
Arab Cultural Centre	1.77
Bulgarisa Cultural Centre	7.00
Benish Cultural Centre	1.544
Deutsch Democratic Republic Cultural Centre	13 117 2
French Cultural Centre 11	0.604
Kubbani Theatre	2.016
NATIONAL MIDSCHILD	4 U.S.A
Soviel Cultural Centre	T-0.74
Spanish Cultural Centre	3-07U
Uroma Art Gellery	4-16()
Zahariya Public Library "11	1-010
West German Column Landauer	1-518

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS (Damascus)

Ambulance (government)	T.	1 40
EMBOUR TOWER CO/(REDAIR)		77: 027
· rbt newalikings inplement	•••	GI .
THE PARTIES OF THE PA	La.	55/07
Municipal water service		113-500

10 NAV 500 C QUICK TEAL STAURANT Jabal Amman Fersi Circle Tet.21083. in I best Chinese restaurant in de, Jabel Amman, near the Ahl-jool or CNS, Tel. 38968. My from noon to 3:30 p.m. and

Tel. 21761. Jakal Luweihden Hawoox Circle Tel. 30646. Zarqu Cinema Nasr Street Tel. 82011. Irbid Baghdad Street Tel. 2408. Naour represent the mun-icipality Tel. 20. Madaba King Abdullah Street Tel. 180. Mafmq Tel 194. KERAK Jerish opposite Allous cro-

"SOUT WA SOUDAN TO CONTECT en from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 4-6 p.m.

> A SOMETHING ON YOUR MIND? HE JORDAN TIMES HEAR ABOUT

NRITE TO: P.O.BOX 6710

U.S., China officially exchange envoys

PEKING, March 1 (R) - The American flag today flew over a U.S. embassy on the Chinese mainland for the first time since Dec. 24, 1949.

Michael Blumenthal, representing President Carter at a hrief ceremony marking the change of the U.S. Liaison Office in Peking into relationship with the People's a full embassy, described it as an Republic of China," Mr. occasion of historic significance. "For too long our people and

U.S. Treasury Secretary our governments have been separated. That separation has ended. toward a dynamic and fruitful Blumenthal said.

The only Chinese at the cere-

Rhodesia reports raid on alleged guerrilla camp in Mozambique

SALISBURY, March 1 (R) --Rhodesian jets today raided a regular army camp in Mozambique which was used by black nationalist guerrillas, military headquarters said.

A communique said buildings housing Patriotic Front guerrillas bad been attacked inside the camp at Mutarara in nonhern Mozambique. "All aircraft returned safely to base," it added.

It was the sixth Rhodesian bombing raid into black Africa in 11 days. Planes have attacked what Rhodesia said were guerrilla bases in Zambia, Mozambique and Angola in a bid to forestall a promised Patriotic Front assault on one-man, one-vote elections next month. Zamhia has been attacked three times. Mozambique twice and Angola once.

Mozambique is the base for the Zimbabwe African National Liberation Army (ZANLA) of Mr. Roben Mugabe.

Military headquarters said today's raid took place at 0530 GMT on a camp of the Mozambique army Frelimo at Mutarara, where the railway line from Mozambique to Malawi crosses the Zambesi River about 250 kilometres from Rhodesia's eastem frontier.

It was the first time that the Rhodesians had announced an attack on a Frelimo base since Dec. 16 when the military command said several camps had been hit in a series of air raids.

A military spokesman said then: "If the Mozambique Government wishes to act as host to forces seeking the overthrow of the transitional government by force, and to provide such forces with accommodation and storage facilities within the confines of Frelimo bases, then they must be

civilian and military transition force.

at a news conference later.

We have taken the first step

held responsible for the risks to which such a policy exposes the people of Mozambique."

Today's communique stressed that only "selected buildings". within the camp used by ZANLA had been attacked.

Support for guerrillas

In other news, Angola will increase its support for guerrillas fighting the Rhodesian regime following a raid on a training camp in Angola which left almost 200 people dead. Angola's ambassador to Belgium said yesterday.

Ambassador Luis de Almeida told a press conference that Monday's air raid killed 192 Zimbabwean (Rhodesian) refugees and five Angolan civilians.

About 1,000 wounded, 470 seriously, were taken to hospitals in Luanda ann Lobito from the camp at Boma in eastern Angola, he added.

'Angola will now increase its support for the Patriotic Front's efforts to overthrow the Smith regime which is clearly desperate and determined to intimidate the frontline states." the ambassador said. "It is time Western countries showed which side they are on, by ceasing to supply these racist regimes with weapons,"

The ambassador said that the aircraft which carried out the raid were probably lent to Rhodesia by South Africa. A similar charge was made by Patrionic Front joint-leader Mugabe yesterday.

Mr. Almeida said the Rhodesians used French-built Mirage III fighter-bombers, similar to those delivered to South Africa in 1974-5. The Rhodesian air force did not have such aircraft,

mony were employees of the embassy, while the official Chinese attendance at a reception an hour later was at a lower level than had been invited originally.

Embassy sources said Chinese officials were absent from the ceremony because no American officials were invited to a similar event in Washington marking the elevation of the Chinese Liaison Office there to an embassy.

The sources said they saw no evidence to suggest that this might be an indication of Chinese displeasure at the American concern voiced in Peking by Mr. Blumenthal over the Chinese incursion into Vietnam.

The United States has called for the quick withdrawal of Chinese troops from Vietnam and of Vietnamese forces from Kampuchea (Cambodia).

Mr. Blumenthal bas expressed satisfaction with the progress of his talks in Peking aimed at ironing out problems hindering expanded commercial contacts and laying the groundwork for a trade agreement and other bilateral pacts.

The United States severed its ties with the nationalist government in Taiwan and established full diplomatic relations with the People's Republic of China at the start of the year, It has taken a further two months. however, for the U.S. Liaison Office, opened on June 26, 1973, to attain full embassy status.

The liaison offices in Peking and Washington were set up as a result of the 1972 Shanghai Communique signed by former president Nixon and the late Premier Chou En-lai.

Speaking in bright sunshine to a crowd of about 300 embassy officials and their families, American businessmen and journalists in the forecourt of the new embassy, Mr. Blumenthal said it was in the interests of the United States and the world that China succeed in its modernisation plans.

"Our histories and our political and economic systems are different. Yet we can trade together and we can work together for a better world. This new relationship can be of great long-term benefit to the people of both the United States and China," he

The last U.S. embassy on mainland China lowered its flag at Chongqing (Chungking) on Dec. 24, 1949, when the embassy reopened on Taiwan.

onialisation of Namibia?

been informed of this latest proposal.

Western members of the Security Council.

Namibia force to be considered enemies

Last days for Idi Amin?

By David Storey

NAIROBI-The crisis which threatens to end President Idi Amin's rule in Uganda has been brewing since well before last October's eruption of fighting on the Tanzanian border.

Splits in the military, on which the field-marshal relies for power, and the gradual decline of his economy have been endemic to President Amin's eight years of autocratic and widely-criticised

The splits widened last year and the economic prospects dimmed, creating conditions ripe for exploitation by the present invasion from Tanzania and internal resistance move-

The invasion force, which diplomat sources say is spearbeaded by Ugandan exiles and backed by Tanzanian regular ground forces and artillery, has captured a swathe of land in southwest

Exile sources say it is moving along the main road towards Kampala after capturing the garrison town of Masaka and beseiging Mbarara to the west.

On Tuesday Uganda Radio reported that Ugandan troops had recaptured Masaka from the invasion force, and the exile sources caution against writing off President Amin, who has survived more tha 20 assassination attempts.

Earlier they said they expected him to make a standbetween Masaka and Kampala, where the road to the capital runs through swampy land. They say he still has strong hacking from Moslem and Nuhian sections of the army, which be promoted and rewarded to the detriment of other groups, .

And they say be may have allowed his position to look worse than it really is to gain sympathy and support from other African states and from his Arab hackers.

But there is no doubt the wheel has turned full circle

since his troops occupied 1,860 square kilometres of Tanzania last October and he triumphantly declared all the people there to be subjects of the "conqueror of the British empire"-one of his many

self-awarded titles. He withdrew after international pressure and in the face of a massive Tanzanian military build-up.

In the last month Radio Uganda has reported a gradual occupation of territory in the



President Idi Amin

area west of Lake Victoria culminating in the capture of Masaka, the main market and administrative centre in the

Exile sources report growing dissent within once-loyal units of the Ugandan army. Splits in President Amin's closest military circle came to the surface last August when he sacked his fmance minister. Mr. Moses Ali, Mr. Ali, a Moslem like the president and from his own home district, enjoyed powerful support among some senior army officers.

General Mustafa Adrisi, the. vice-president, was another victim of the field-marshal's suspicions of his inner circle. The general was seriously injured in a car crash near Kampala last April and flown to Cairo for treatment. On his return he was stripped of his Defence Ministry portfolio.

General Adrist, a Moslem from the president's Kakwa

Former Italian official jailed as

tribe, also has a large following among some army units, particularly in the northwest.

The most vocal internal opposition group, the Save Uganda Movement (SUM) in one of its first statements circulated among the press here last month, indicated support for General Adrisi.

The SUM, which has claimed responsibility for several sabotage attacks including a bombing which temporarily cut electricty supplies to Kampala, has now issued a manifesto.It said: "Amin's regime has seriously undermined the very cause for decolonisation and has made a mockery of the basic principles of African lib-

"The command of SUM shall recruit, train and arm a small but efficient and highlydisciplined shock force under a unified and democratic leadership," it said.

Ugandan tanks are guarding strategic points in Kampala, including the post office, and President Amin bas been even more secretive in his movements than usual, Ugandan sources said.

They said the president, who has inspired loyalty in the majority of forces with his own ebullient charm and by catering to their material needs before those of the civilian public, was facing ever more serious economic problems.

Last autumn the United States, Uganda's main coffee customer, imposed a total trade embargo on Uganda because of alleged human rights violations.

in January the field-marshal quarrelled with his longeststanding backer Lihya, after accusing the Arab state of sending weapons to Tanzania during the border fighting.

He made a hasty trip to Saudi Arahia apparently to try to raise financial support, and send envoys to other Arah countries including Iraq and Egypt. There has been no indication whether be was offered what he wanted.

World News Briefs

Thailand denies aiding Pol Pot regime

BANGKOK, March 1 (R)-Thailand today denied charges by a new Hanoi-backed administration in Kampuchea (Cambodia) that was allowing China to supply arms and food to guerralia form ousted Prime Minister Pol Pot. a spokesman for Prime Minister Rriangsak Chamanand categorically denied the charges made terday by the new administration's Foreign Ministry and broad by Radio Hanoi. General Kriangsak last night firmly restated in government's policy regarding the fighting in indochina. We s maintain our position of strict neutrality and shall not take side the present conflicts."

Swiss bank investigates Iranian holdings

ZURICH, Switzerland, March 1 (R)-The Swiss National Bank's yesterday it was investigating the extent of transact assets has Swiss banks following reports of large-scale flight of capital franctional bank spirit followed a demand last week by the new franian government Switzerland freeze all assets held by the exiled Shah in this ex.

The spokesman said the National Bank had sent a questional them to state the amount of assets they hold belonging to residents. The bank plans to publish the total amount of 25 Swiss commercial banks which do most foreign business: next week, but will give no details of individual accounts as forbidden by Switzerland's banking secrecy law.

U.S. to buy part of arms intended for fram

WASHINGTON, March 1 (R)-The U.S. Government has he to buy \$765 million worth of arms ordered by Iran but each because of its internal strife, Defence Department officials sa terday. The purchase was approved by President Carter and a sent to Congress as part of a revised defence spending requests present budget year, which ends on Sept. 30. Under the proper air force will get 55 of the 160 F-16 fighters originally carming tran, and the navy will get two missile destroyers the transfer ordered. In addition, U.S. military forces will buy more than missiles which were to have gone to fran-

Moroccan bank workers begin week's strik

CASABLANCA, March 1 (R) Some 17,000 Morror employees began a week-long strike vesterday, shutting down mercial bank operations across the country. Only the country hank, the Bank of Morocco, and the National Bank for Fire Development were operating normally. The strikers want and the salary structure, more social benefits, increases in hors port and year-end bonus payments and changed working Public health services employees have decided to go en sur Wednesday for higher pay while some 10,000 miners are sleet strike at the Khourigba phosphate mines.

Less interest in U.S. offshore gas, off

NEW YORK, March 1 (R)-The U.S. Government yesterd oil companies another chance to try their luck looking for all in the Atlantic, but found bidders' interest had waned. The b Department received 74 offers and the value of the apparent w bids was \$41.7 million for 109 lease tracts off coastal states fro York to Virginia, an area known as the Baltimore Canyon first lease sale two and a half years ago, 410 bids were recess winning bids totalled \$1,13 billion: Yesterday's bidding to that oilmen had lost some of their enthusiasm about the potential after more than a year of activity resulted in the holes-wells that cannot be exploited profitably.

'Father of helicopter' dies in W. Germa

BREMEN. West Germany, March 1 (R)-Professor Heining the "father of the helicopter", has died in Bremen in the The VFW-Fokker Aircraft Company, into which Professor firm Focke-Wulf was incorporated in the 1960s, said the's died peacefully at his bome on Sunday, Ironically, Professo. bad nothing to do with Focke-Wulf's best known warting the FW-190 fighter and FW-200 Condor, having been force firm by Hitler's Nazi regime in the 1930s. Instead he estab new firm. Focke. Achgelis and Company, to concentrate on ter development. In 1942 one of his creations reached an all 7,100 metres, a helicopter record which stood for 12 year

result of Lockheed bribes scandal ROME, March. 1 (R)-Former Italian defence minister Mr. Mario Tanassi was jailed today for

two years and four months for corruption in connection with the \$2

SWAPO leader: NATO troops in a U.N.

Mr. Tanassi, former leader of the small Social Democratic Party and six times a cabinet minister. became the first ex-government member to be sent to jail in post-

Christian Democrat Luigi Gui. another ex-defence minister who stood trial with Mr. Tanassi and nine other defendants, was acquitted on similar charges.

The sentence, which is final, was passed by the Constitutional Court. Italy's highest judicial authority which sat for a record 23 oays to consider the verdict at the end of the trial, which opened in May last year. The verdict was transmitted live on television.

The court announced only the verdict and sentences. Its full judgment will be made public later this year.

Mr. Tanassi. 63. was stripped of bis parliamentary seat for life and banned for two and a half years from holding any public office. He was also ordered to pay a fine of about S500.

Mr. Gui, who served as a minister in 13 governments, said he was pleased at being acquitted.

In 98 sessions, the Constitutional Court examined allegations that the Lockheed company paid \$2 million in bribes to Italian officials over the sale of 14 C-130 Hercules transport aircraft in 1969 and 1970.

Lockbeed's former Italian consultant. Ovidio Lefebvre. extradited from Brazil last year to stand trial, received a four and a half year jail term, as did a close aide of Mr. Tanassi when he was minister, Bruno Palmiotti.

Mr. Lefebvre's lawyer brother Antonio was sentenced to two years and two months, also on a charge of corruption. The Lefebvres were said to bave been the channel through which Lockheed bribed Italian officials.

India's budget includes big taxes urban consumers, relief for farme

Indian Government yesterday imposed heavy new taxes affecting the rich and urban consumers, but announced generous tax reliefs to farmers in a national budget attacked by the opposition as inflationary.

The new taxes, proposed in the

NEW DELHI, March 1 (R)-The \$23, 150 million hudget for fiscal 1979-80. are expected to yield a

record \$830 million in one year. Most of the fresh taxation on petroleum products and a range of what are considered luxury items will be borne hy people living in urban areas.

In a major concession to farmers. Deputy Prime Minister and Finance Minister Charan Singh slashed the duty on chemical fertilisers by 50 per cent, sacrificing an annual revenue of about \$95 million.

Mr. Singh, who draws his power mainly from farmers, also boosted. spending on agriculture and allied programmes to benefit the rural:

The budget lowered duties on goods produced by small-scale industries and increased those on

said in commending the partiament. The hudget boosts st defence by about \$250 \$3,182 million. Agriculture and com

manufacturers of large

the promotion of labor.

techniques instead c

intensive techniques,

"The large-scale ployment in the countr

jects will receive \$1.42 while industry and mid: a massive \$3,187 milli Opposition leaders at budget as inflationary C.M. Stephan, a leader

prime minister Indira Congress Party, said F minister had favoured rich and bit the urban in

2 Norwegians a to pedal round t world in 79 day

yesterday set off to cycle around the world in 79 days on bicycle. Blind Tore Naerland, 24, and Marit Voster, 221 Norwegian girl, intend to follow the same route as Phines Jules Verne's book "Around the World in 80 days". But. use a bicycle instead of trains and planes instead of ba Naerland will be on the back of the bicycle built for the

The "biking Vikings" will cycle through France, Ital India, Hong Kong, Japan and the United States. The through his own country. The campaign is called "bike to and hopes to encourage disabled, paraplegic, mentally

The cyclists will be accompanied by a supply car-United States National Aeronautics and Space Admi (NASA) in Houston, Texas will keep in touch with # daily via special equipement attached to the tanded NASA is working on better mobility and communication the blind using the benefits of space age technology

LONDON March 1 (R)-Two Norwegians, one of the

have one handicapped cyclist from each country cycling? and other handicapped people to five fuller lives

Last rites for Himalayan shangri-la?

munications in the transition force, "SWAPO will fight them." He

added: "Since when bas Britain become interested in the decol-

Encouraging Africa's greater involvement, he said that for exam-

Dr. Waldheim announced in New York recently that he had prop-

osed March 15 as the date for a ceasefire in Namibia and the start of

U.N. operations there. Mr. Nujoma told reporters he had not yet

Under the U.N. plan the transition group is to consist of up to

7,500 troops and more than 1,000 civilians. The plan was worked out

last year in negotiations involving South Africa, SWAPO and the five

proposals by South Africa that SWAPO guerrillas be confined to

bases outside the territory during the transition period. South Afri-

can troops will he confined to their hases in Namibia during the

transition and only pulled out afer the elections. The movement

wanted its forces inside Namibia too, and had made it clear it was

prepared to bave their activities monitored by the U.N., be said.

Mr. Nujoma said SWAPO totally rejected what he called new

ple Nigeria could handle the communications-"It has all the neces-

The slowly-chanted songs, the trumpet music and the sleep-walking dances are giving way to jazz and rock music, and the Tibetan cap and bejewelled perak being replaced by jeans, bobbed hair and shirts. Tourism is making its mark on Ladakh.

NAIROBI, March 1 (R) -- The leader of the militant Namibian

(South West African) nationalist movement SWAPO yesterday

rejected proposals that NATO countries be represented on a United

Nations force to oversee the territory's transition from South African

Organisation, told foreign ministers gathered for a regular con-

ference of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) that a force

containing NATO units would be considered enemies of his guer-

rillas. He said African states should play a dominant role in the

He urged the OAU to send a cable to United Nations Secretary-

General Kurt Waldheim saying African countries were willing to

offer "military components as well as civilians," for a peace-keeping

Mr. Nujoma said a list of countries proposed by Dr. Waldheim,

"I was surprised to see the secretary-general named Britain,

He said that if Britain sent troops as proposed to man the com-

Canada, Australia, Denmark, Holland and West Germany," be said

which contains several NATO members, "weighs in favour of South"

Africa's allies who have massive investment in Namihia."

Mr. Sam Nujoma, president of the South West African People's

By A.J. Singh

LADAKH (JAMMU AND KASHMIR) - Time bad stood still for centuries in Ladakb-a "Little Tiber" and a shangri-la in the western Himalayas. But six years ago its gates were thrown open to tourists, and this is impelling changes that may virtually spell doom to the sbangri-la's unique culture.

Says Helena Norberg Hodge, who was recently at Ladakh: "It would be particularly tragic if the Ladakhi culture were to be destroyed, since it enshrines so many ideals that most of the world can only envy."

What are they? This 100,000 square kilometers of stony desert is free from crime, violence of any

kind, poverty and disproportionate wealth. Men and women enjoy equal status. Every bousehold is self-sufficient and yet the community is close-knit and a model of cooperation.

"All this looks remarkable," especially when one considers the geoclimatic conditions of Ladakh," says a tourist official.

It is a land of extreme cold where during its eight months of winter the temperature can touch as low as -50 degrees centigrades. "And if there is a biting wind the body feels as cold as -75 degrees believed to bave remained almost centigrades," says T.N. Ninan,

another visitor to Ladakh. Rainfall is scanty, just 100 millimetres a year. Considering that the majority of villages are located at vast distances from each other

and also at altitudes of more than 3,000 to 4,300 metres, "paspun" or cooperation amongst households is a way of life.

Four or five housebolds get together at times of birth, marriage and death under "paspun". At births and marriages the "paspun' provides and prepares food for the celebrations. After a death, it is the "paspun" that arranges the funeral and handles the body, says Helena Norberg Hodge.

Two other institutions--the "cburpon" and "lorapa" -- are also unique to Ladakh. Each village appoints these two officials, on a rotation basis, to regulate such matters as the channel irrigation system for fields and to round up and fine the owners of stray ani-

mals to prevent crop damage. But by far the most important aspect of Ladakhi culture has been the system of fraternal polyandry. It means that a woman who marries into a household becomes the

wife of all its brothers. Ladakh has never suffered from the population explosion. The constant for centuries. A great many of the women traditionally become nuns and consequently never marry. Even those who do

marry bear few children. "The Ladakhi culture is primarily domestic and not social," says an observer, "It is essentially conservative and catholic despite the fact that promiscuity is allowed. But promiscuity is practised strictly within the family."

Now, due to modernisation, polyandry is definitely dying out. Only stray cases can be found in remote villages. So is the institution of nunhood. For Ladakb. therefore, the population explosion is probably just round the

In other ways modernisation is also gradually easing out old values. "White bread, white rice, white sugar reach Ladakh in convoys of trucks, and are gradually replacing the much more nourisbing indigenous diet," says. Helena Norberg Hodge.

'More strikingly, Ladakhis can be seen carting around buckets of water, in order to fill rooftop tanks to flush lavatories for the tourists. The waste water can now only pollute, instead of providing muchneeded night-soil fertilisers for the land, as do the water free toilets of the Ladakhis themselves.

Mr. Eliezer Jolden, a former headmaster who runs a ten-bed, guest house, says that the tourists bave benefited Ladakh economically. "But there are signs of the commercialisation of values," he

the field of religion. A century ago, there were more than 12,000 Lamas (monks) in the monasteries. of Ladakh. "Today there are hardly 1,200," says M.L. Maltoo, Principal, Budhist Philosophy, Leh (Ladakb). The worst aspect of tourism is that even some monks are yielding

to the temptation of making a fast buck. Several monasteries (Gompas) around Leh are levying entrance fees from visitors. "The tourists don't mind paying fixed fees," says a Western observer at Leh. "But when some greedy monks raise these charges abnormally or pester for donations, it not only annoys the visitors but is also a sad commentary on the dilution of values among the monks who had hitbeno never bothered about material wealth."

It is also alleged that some precious objects of art in the monasteries have found their way abroad. "How this could come about without connivance of some monks in the monasteries would be very difficult to explain, " says an observer at Leh.

The bazars of Leh are full of traders, mostly Tibetan refugees peddling curios, hardly any of which are of Ladakhi origin.

Some people are distressed to see at Leh how the quiet, som-

Ladakh seems to be fast going into the melting pot. "The staid gait, the low-pitched voice, the allenwrapping woollen, anklelength goancha, Tibetan cap, and bejewelled perak are steadily giving way to jeans, bobbed bair, sbirt and trousers" says an educated Ladakhi. "The slow- chant songs, trum-

pet music, and sleep-walking

dances, so in tune with the atmos-

phere and the snow and stone

This is particularly nonceable in nolent, seclusive culture of

environment are being edged out of fashion by jazz and rock music and Western dances," be said. Whether Ladakh can be kept like a sbangri-la despite the tourists is hard to imagine. It looks anachronous. Closed to visitors for centuries, last year more than 10.000 tourists flocked to see this

They come by air (50 minutes from Ambala or Chandigrah to Leh by Russian AN-12 transport plane) and the 450-kilometrelong highway linking Srinagar with Leh (June to mid-October, the tourist season). With them come new ideas and values.

forbidden land.

The moral one draws is that-if you want to see pristine Ladakh in all its glory and quaint culture, see it now, before tourism pollutes it. Financial Times

News-Features